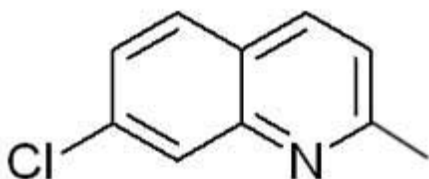
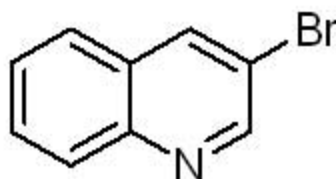


7-Chloroquinoline:



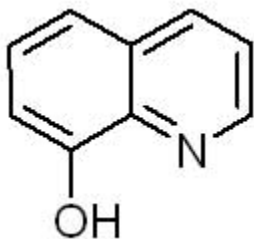
CAS	Registry	Number:	612-61-3
Molecular	Formula:		C ₉ H ₆ ClN
Molecular	Weight:		163.60
Appearance:	Light	Yellow	Color Liquid
Moisture	content:	Max.	0.5%
Assay	by	GC:	Min. 97%
Applications:	Used	as	Pharma Intermediate.

3-Bromoquinoline



Synonyms:			3-Bromobenzopyridine
CAS	Registry	Number:	5332-24-1
Molecular	Formula:		C ₉ H ₆ BrN
Molecular	Weight:		208.057
Appearance:	Clear	to	yellow liquid.
Boiling	Point:		274-276 °C
Applications:	Used	as	Pharma Intermediate.
Packing:	25	Kg	HDPE drums

8-Hydroxyquinoline



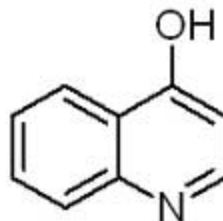
Synonyms:	8-Quinololinol;	Quinolin-8-ol;	Oxine
CAS	Registry	Number:	148-24-3
Appearance:	Off-white	needle	crystals
Purity	(GC):	99.0%	min.
Melting	point:		72-75°C
Water	solubility:	Slightly	soluble

Applications: Used as IntermediateActinoquinol, Benzoquine, Broxyquinoline, Chloroxine, Clioquinol, Cloquintocet-M, Cloxquine, Halquinol, Imazapyr, Moxifloxacin, Nitroxoline

8-Hydroxyquinoline is an organic compound with the formula C₉H₇NO. It is a derivative of the heterocycle quinoline by placement of an OH group on carbon number 8. This colorless compound is widely used commercially, although under a variety of names.

8-Hydroxyquinoline is a monoprotic bidentate chelating agent. The complexes as well as the heterocycle itself exhibit antiseptic, disinfectant, and pesticide properties. Its solution in alcohol is used as liquid bandages. It once was of interest as an anti-cancer drug.

4-Hydroxyquinoline



Synonyms:			4-Quinololinol
CAS	Registry	Number:	611-36-9
Molecular	Formula:		C ₉ H ₇ NO
Molecular	Weight:		145.16
Appearance:	Beige	color	Powder
Melting	point:		200-202 °C
Purity	(HPLC):		99%
Applications:	Used	as	Pharma Intermediate.
Packing:	25	Kg	HDPE drums

The reaction of 8-hydroxyquinoline with aluminium(III) results in Alq₃, a common component of organic light-emitting diodes (OLED's). Variations in the substituents on the quinoline rings affect its luminescence properties.